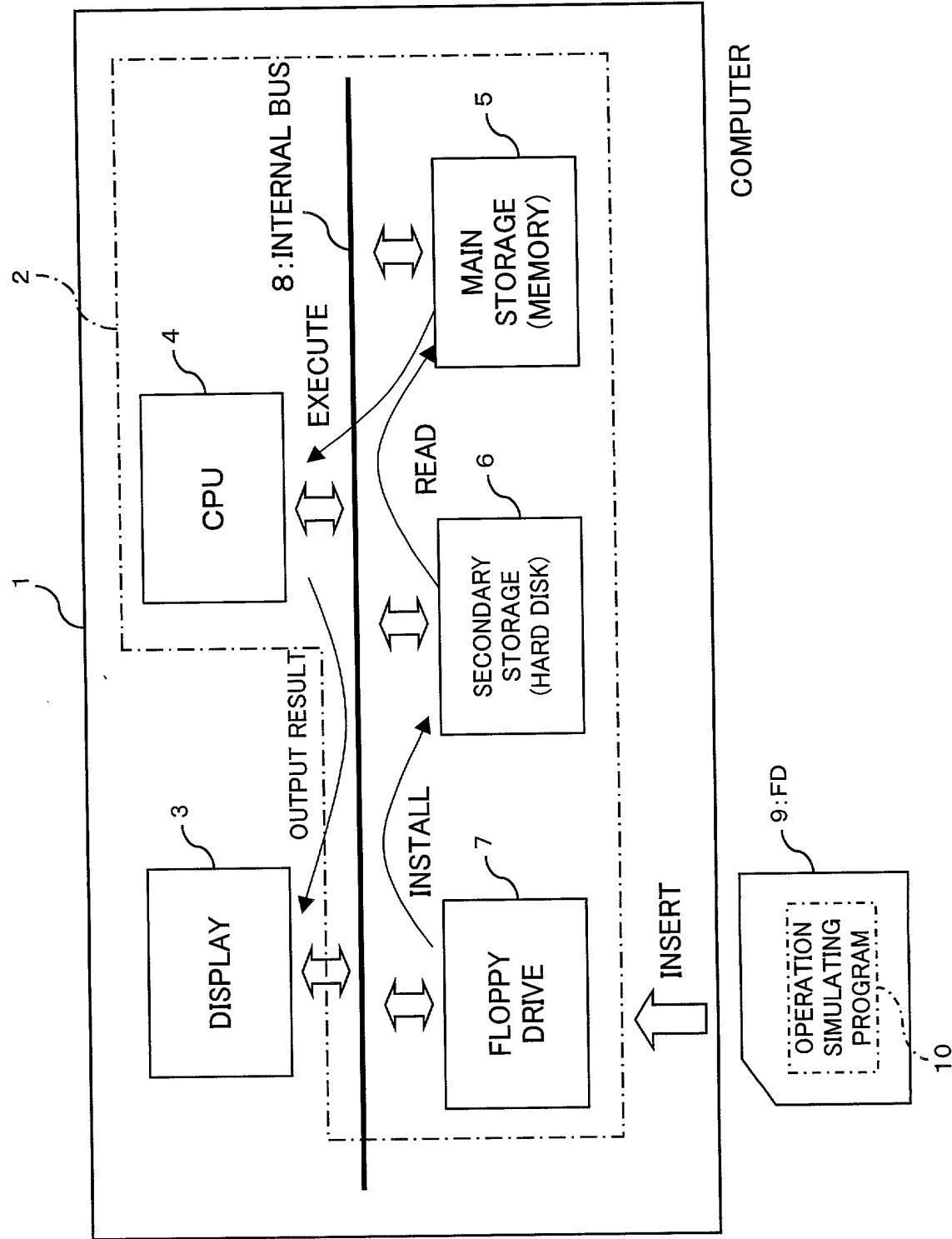
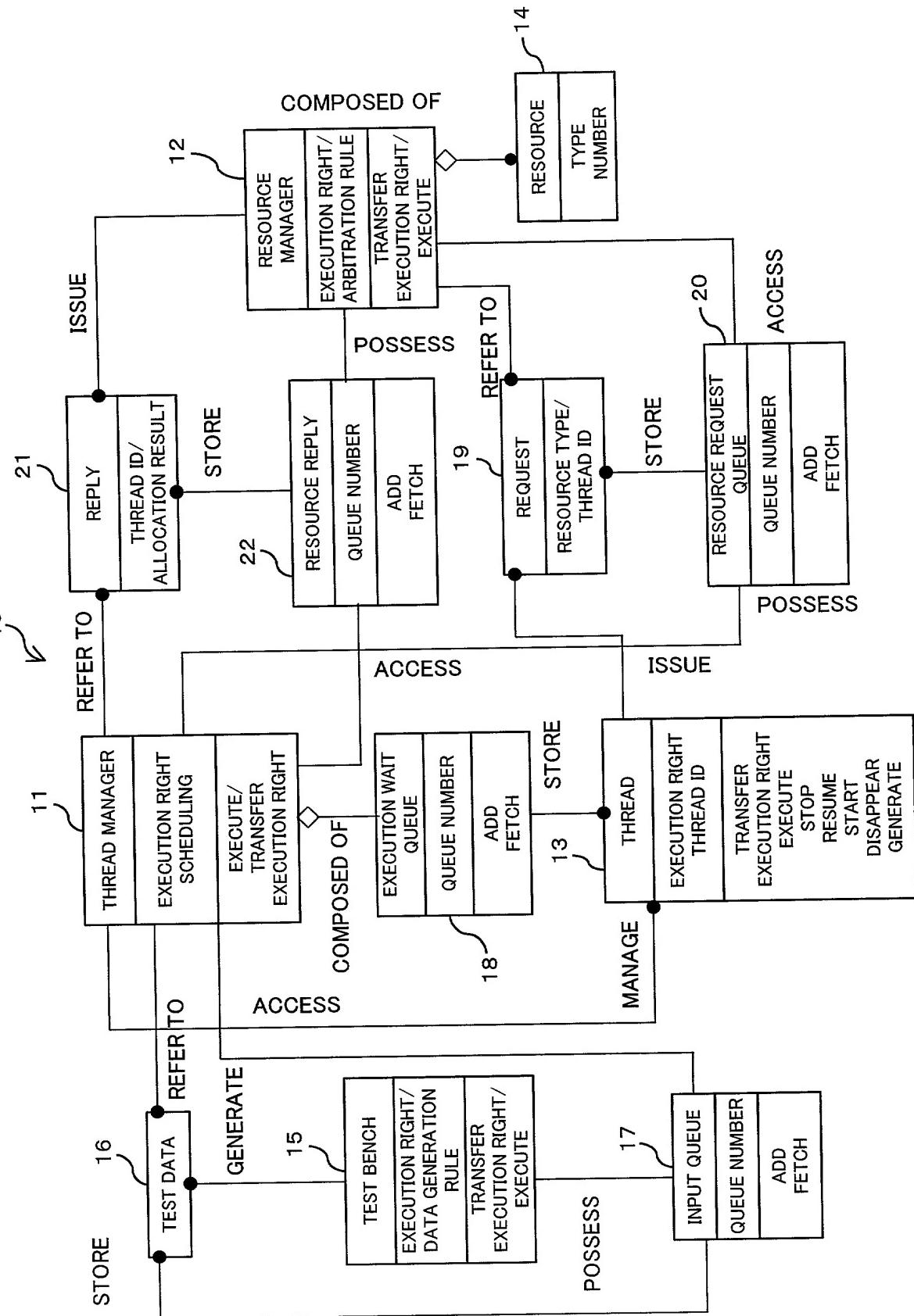


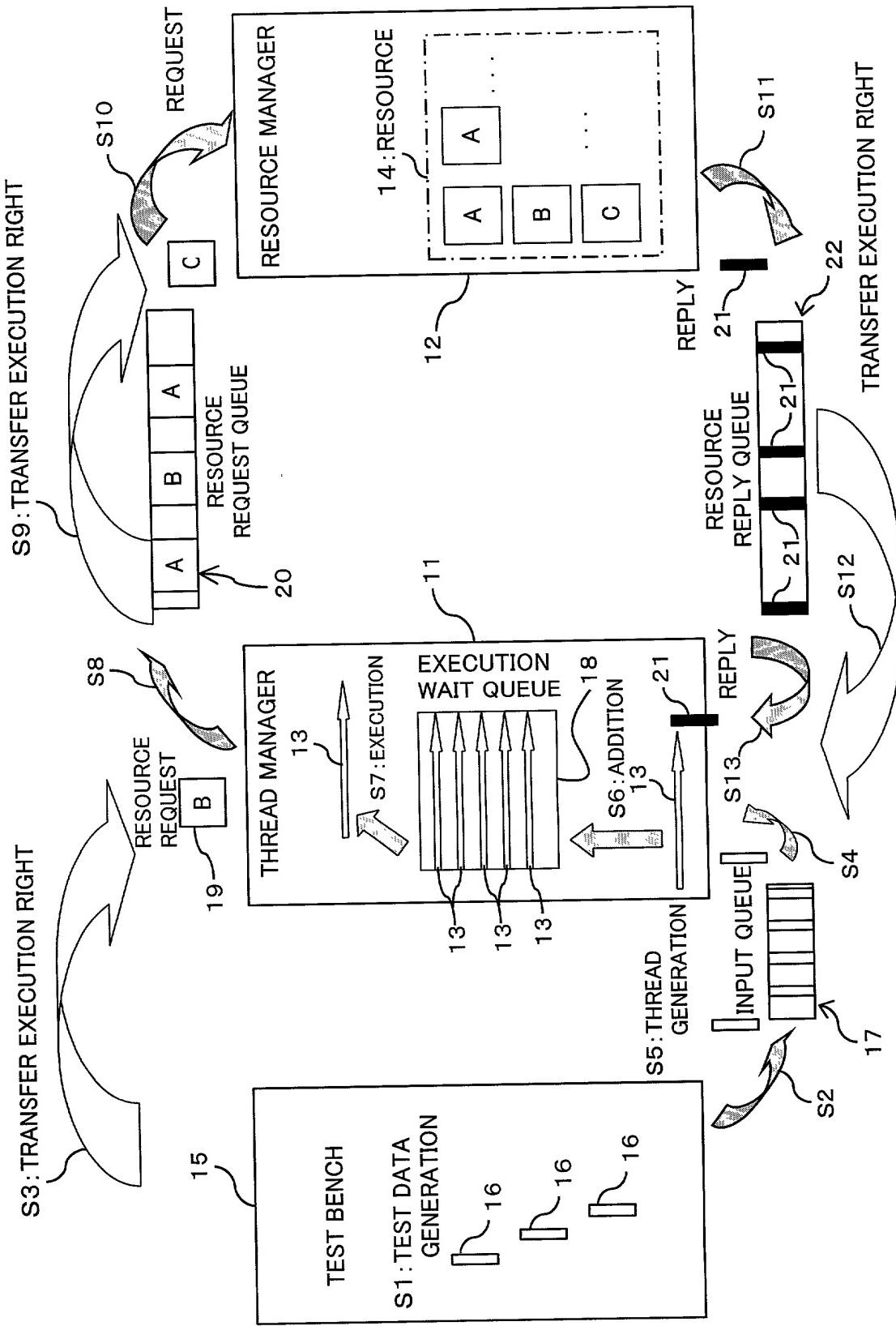
**FIG. 1**



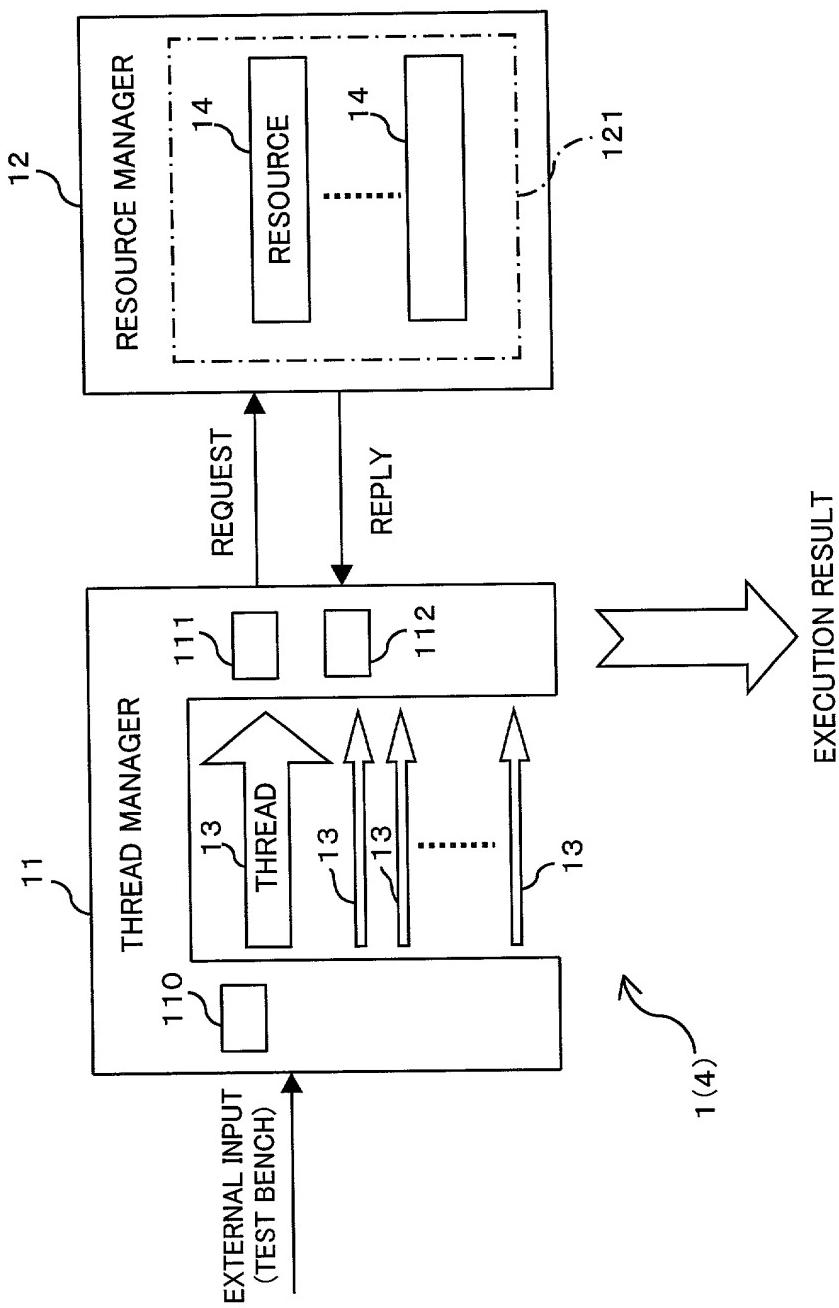
**FIG. 2**



**FIG. 3**



**FIG. 4**



## **FIG. 5**

```
class      thread {  
...  
void execution ( ){  
    processing A ( );  
    processing B ( );  
    processing C ( );  
}  
}
```

## FIG. 6

```

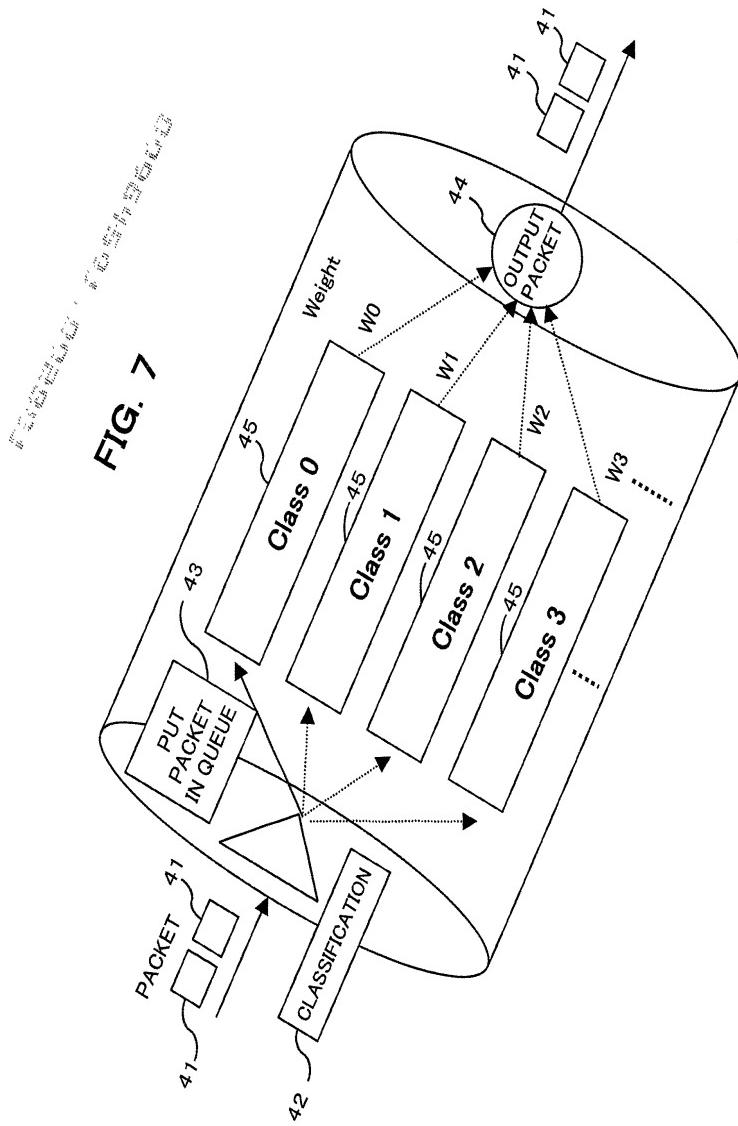
class resource manager {
    resource R1 ;
    resource R2 ;
    queue resource request queue ← 20
    queue resource reply queue ← 22
public:
    void request (resource R) {
        request. thread ID = present thread ID;
        request. resource type = R;
        add request to resource request queue
    }
}

void release (resource R) { ← 31b
    R. number++;
}

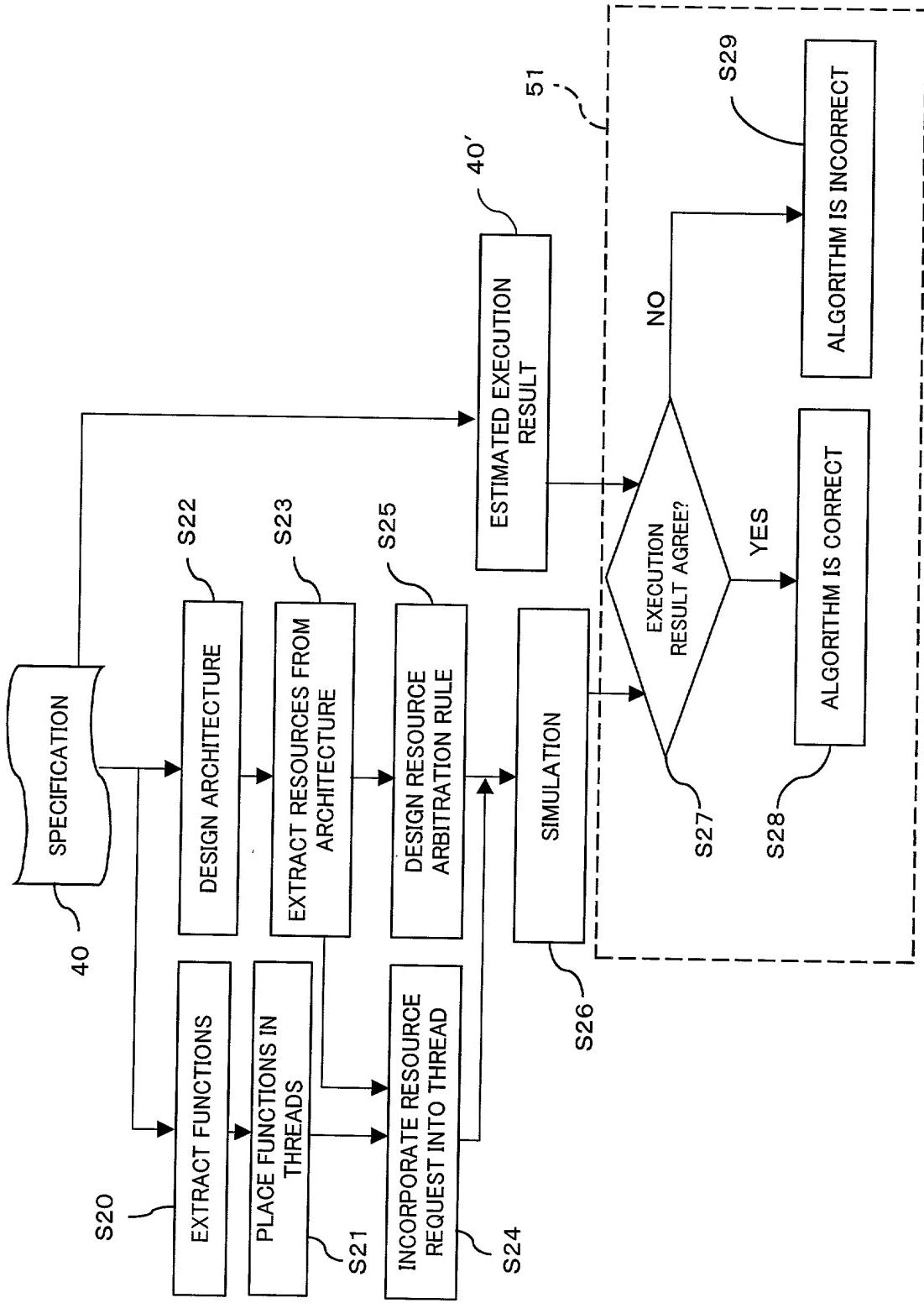
bool arbitration { ← 311
    while (resource request queue is not void) { ← 312
        one request is fetched ;
        if (request. resource type == R1) {
            if (R1. number <= 0) {
                reply. thread ID = request. thread ID;
                reply. allocation result = false;
                continue ;
            }
            R1 arbitration rule ;
            reply. thread ID = request. thread ID;
            reply. allocation result = R1 arbitration result;
            add reply to resource reply queue
            R1. number -- ;
        }
        else if (request. resource type == R2) { ← 314
            if (R2. number <= 0) {
                reply. thread ID = request. thread ID;
                reply. allocation result = false;
                add reply to resource reply queue
                continue ;
            }
            R2 arbitration rule ;
            reply. thread ID = request. thread ID;
            reply. allocation result = R2 arbitration result;
            add reply to resource reply queue
            R2. number -- ;
        }
    }
}

```

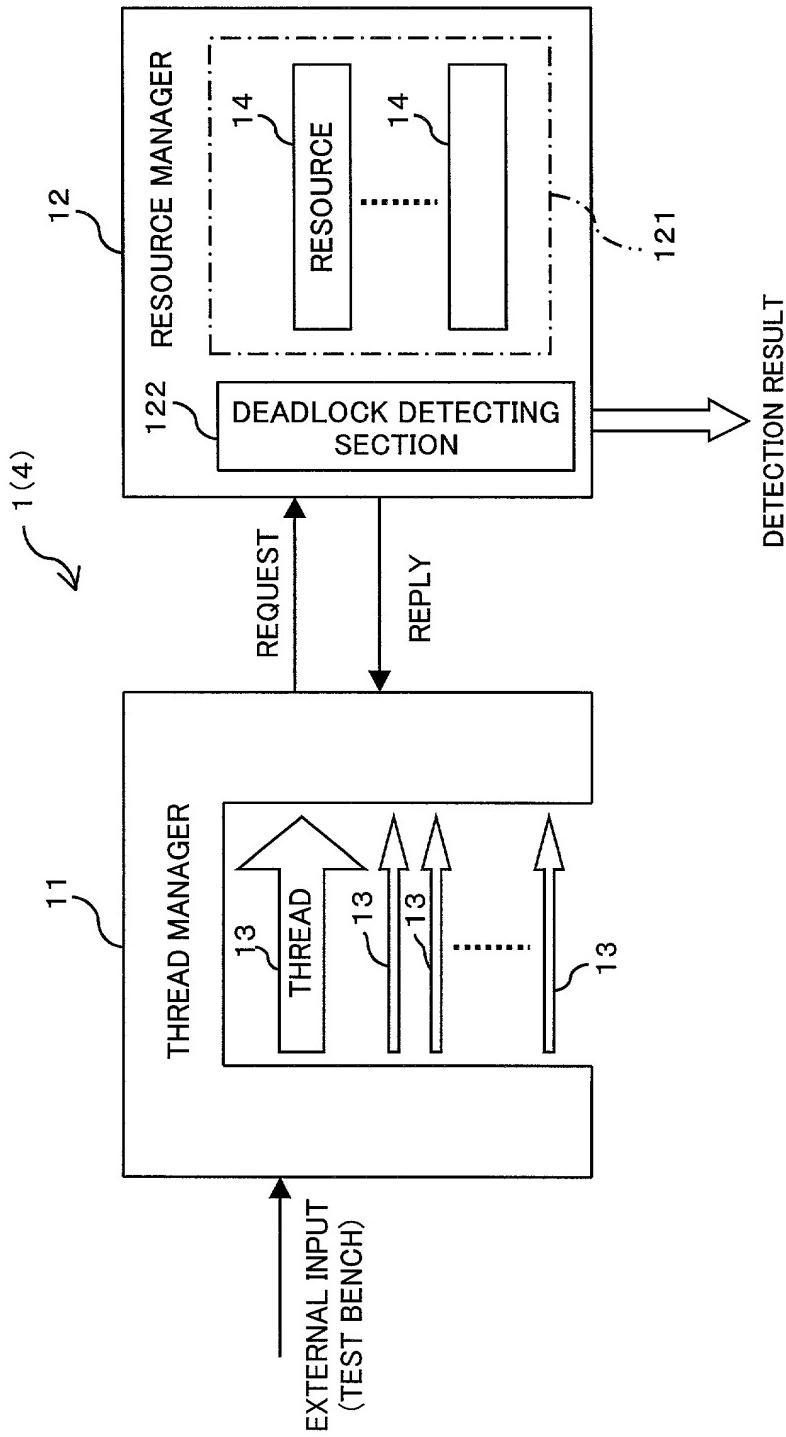
**FIG. 7**



**FIG. 8**



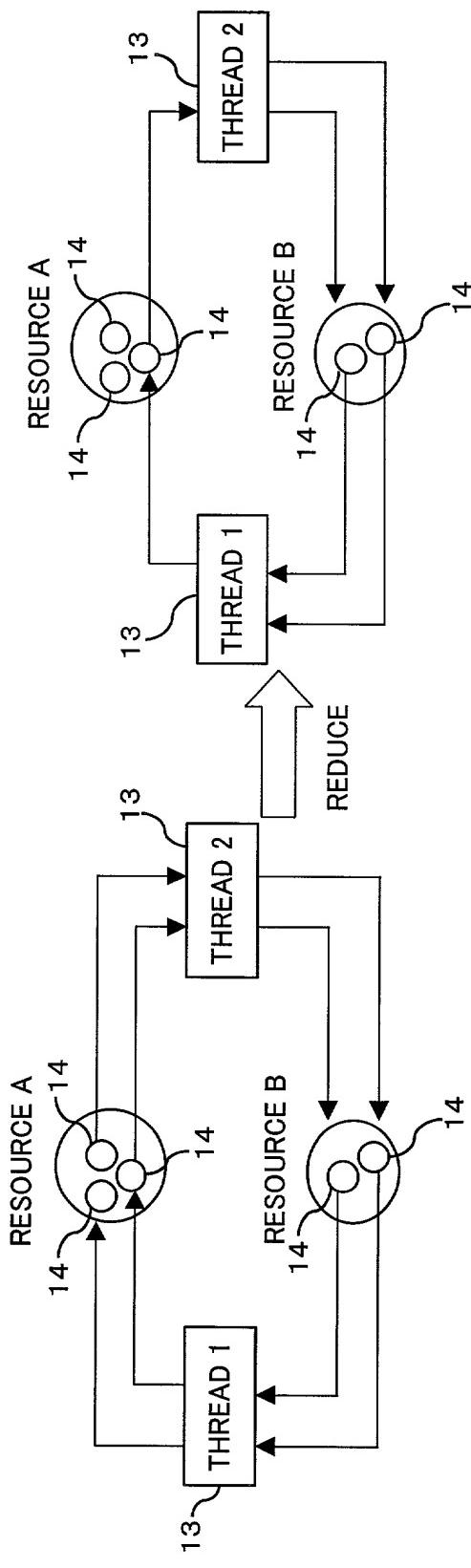
**FIG. 9**



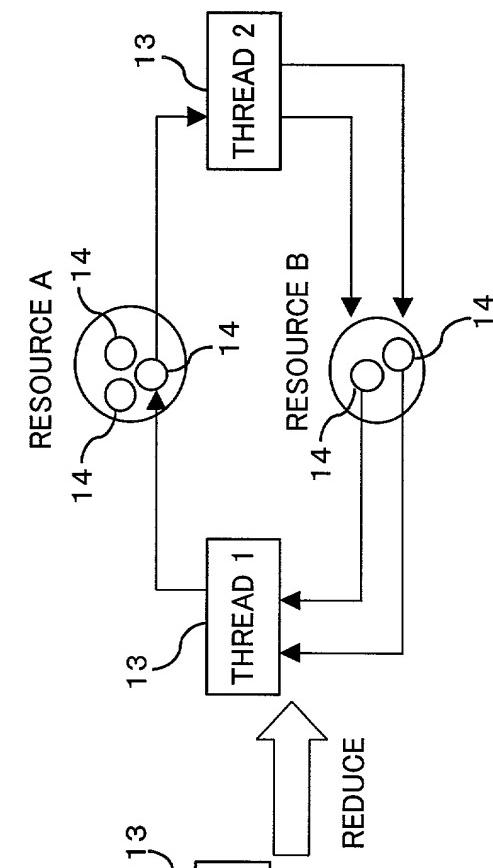
## FIG. 10

```
class thread {
    ...
    void execution () {
        resource A.request(2);
        processing;
        ...
        resource B.request(2);
        resource A.release(2);
        processing;
        ...
        resource A.request(2);
        resource B.release(2);
        processing;
        ...
        resource A.release(2);
        ...
    }
}
```

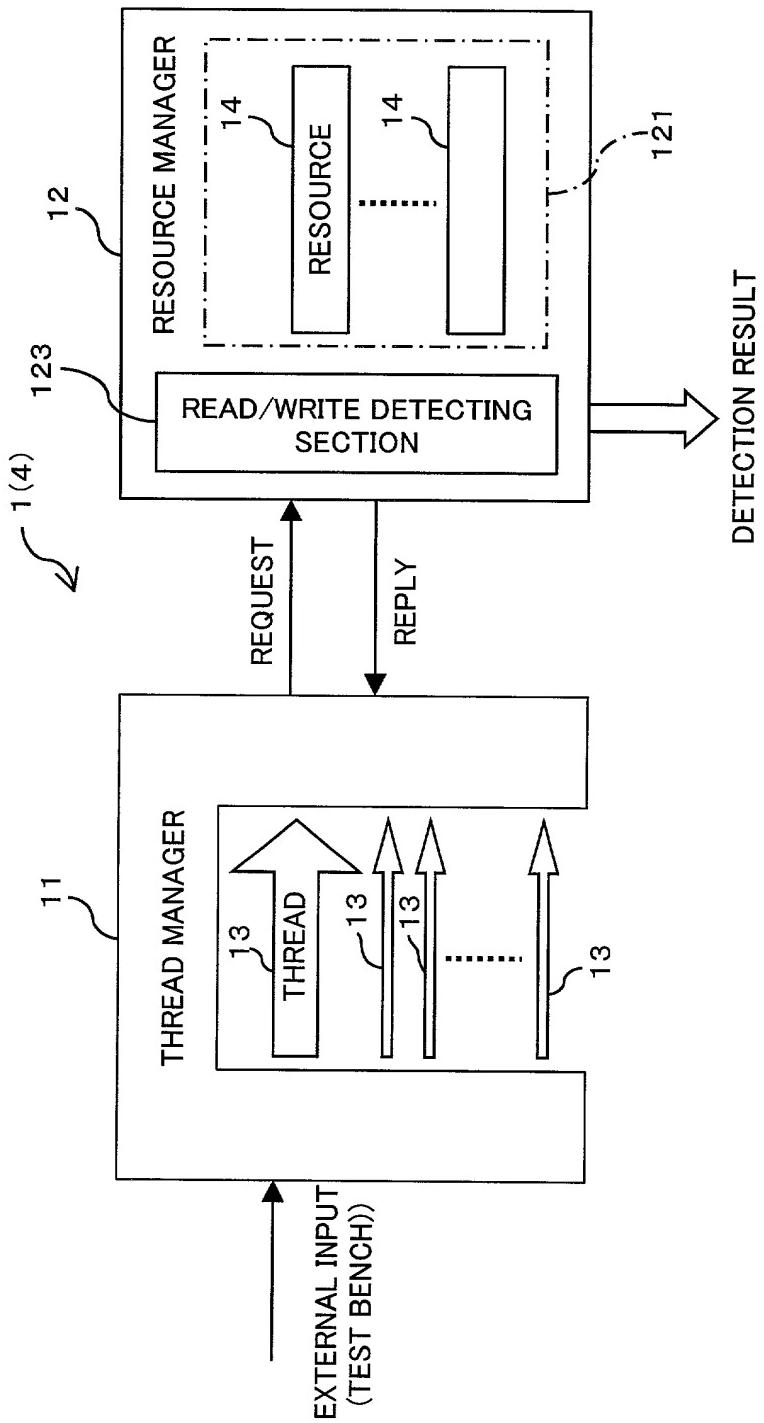
**FIG. 11A**



**FIG. 11B**



**FIG. 12**



## FIG. 13

```
class request {
    unsigned int thread ID;
    int number of requests;
    int read/write flag;
}
```

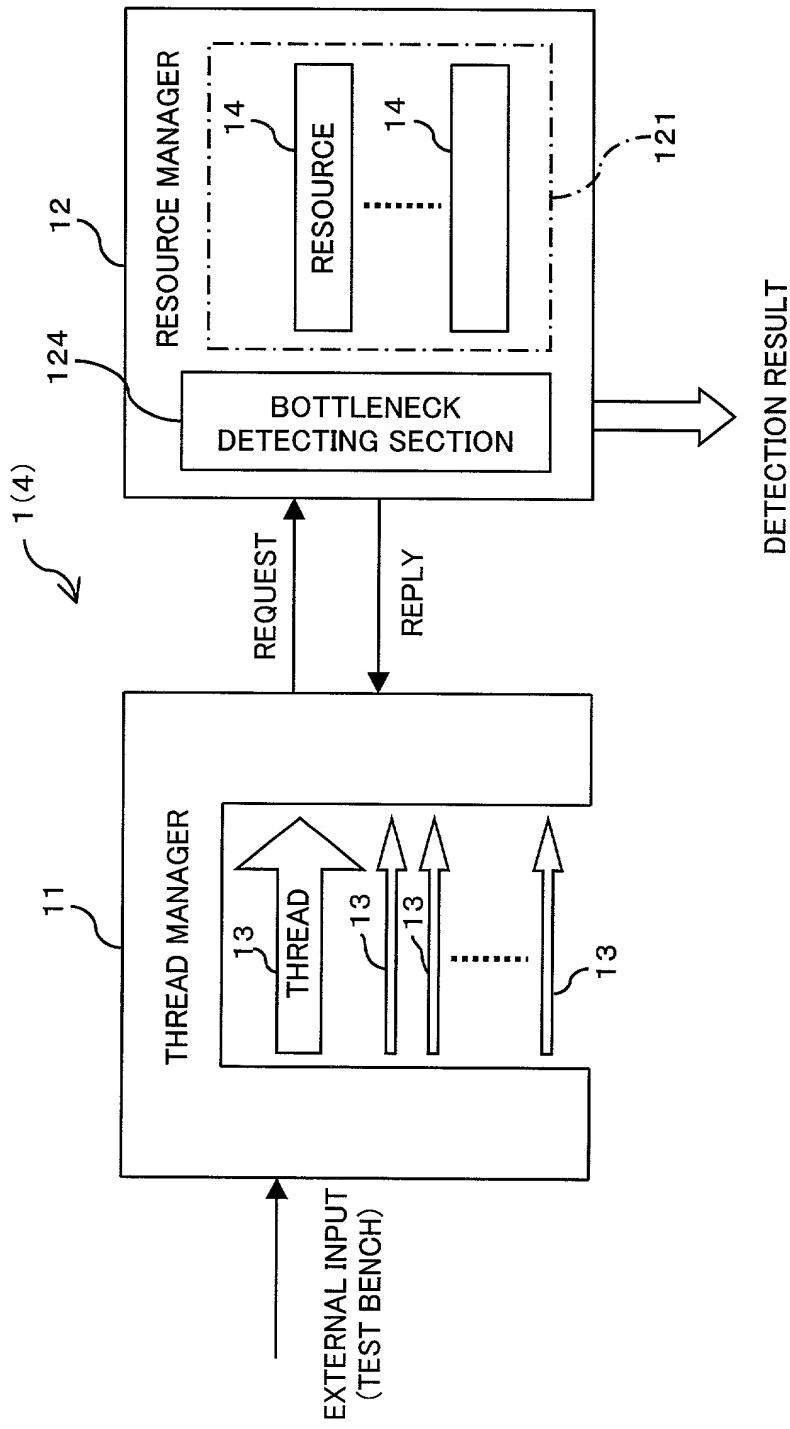
## FIG. 14

```
class resource A : public resource {
int CurrentFlag = 0;
...
void request (int n, bool ReadWriteFlag) {
    request. thread ID = present thread ID;
    request. number of resources = n;
    request. read/write flag = ReadWriteFlag;
add request to resource request queue
}
-----
void release (int n){
    ...
    CurrentFlag = 0;
}
...
bool arbitration( ) {
    ...
    while (resource request queue is not void) {
        one request is fetched;
        if (CurrentFlag != 0 && request. read/write flag
            != CurrentFlag){
            error ("there is possibility of occurrence of read/write error!");
        }
        CurrentFlag == request. read/write flag;
    }
    ...
}
...
```

316

317

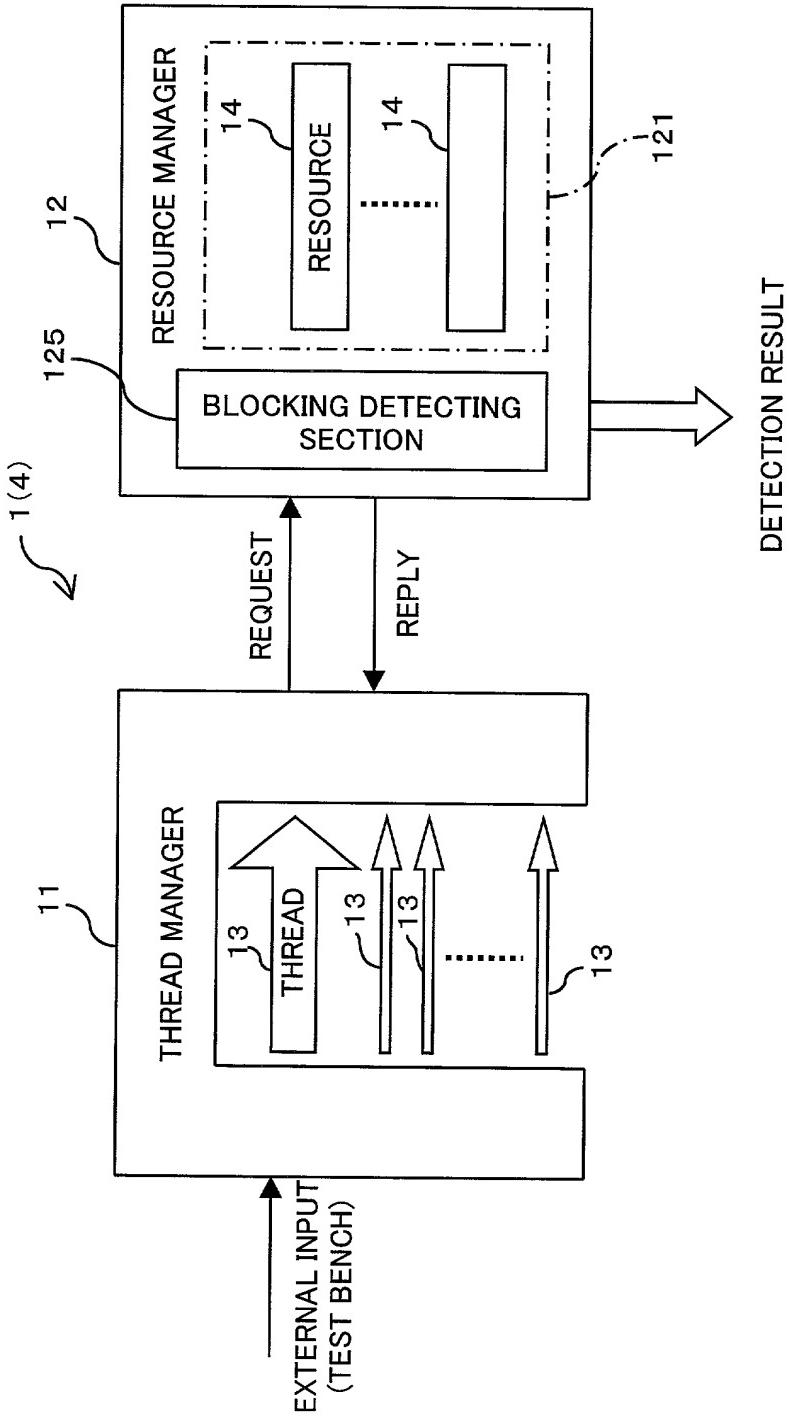
**FIG. 15**



## FIG. 16

```
class    resource {
    int   number of accesses = 0;
    ...
    void  request (int n) {
        number of accesses++;
    }
    ...
    int   total of request( ) {
        return   number of accesses;
    }
}
```

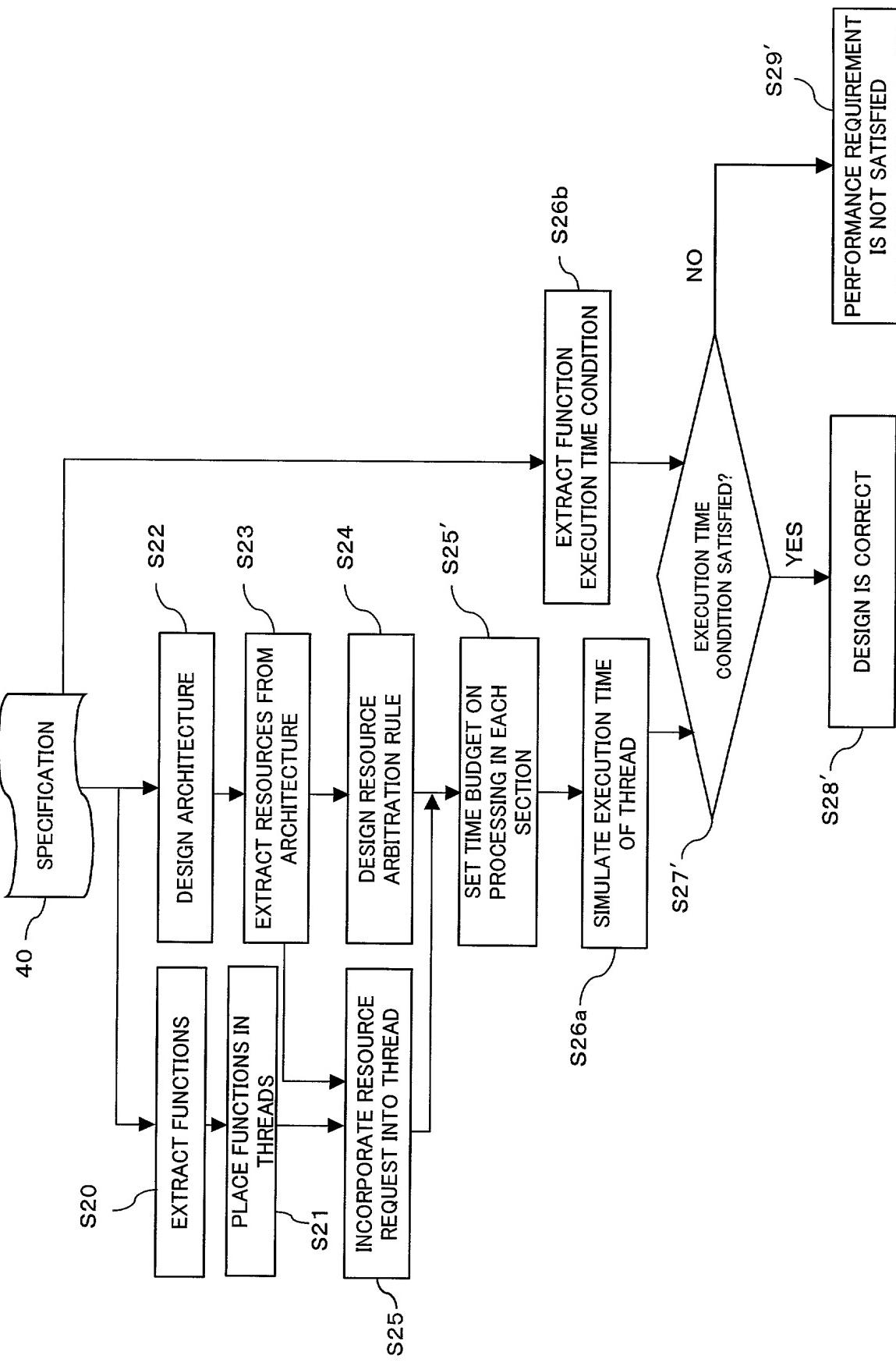
**FIG. 17**



## FIG. 18

```
class    resource A {  
    ...  
    bool arbitration( ) {  
        while (resource request queue is not void) {  
            one request is fetched;  
            if (number < 0) {  
                error ("there is a need to block a request for resource A");  
            }  
            }  
            ...  
    }  
}
```

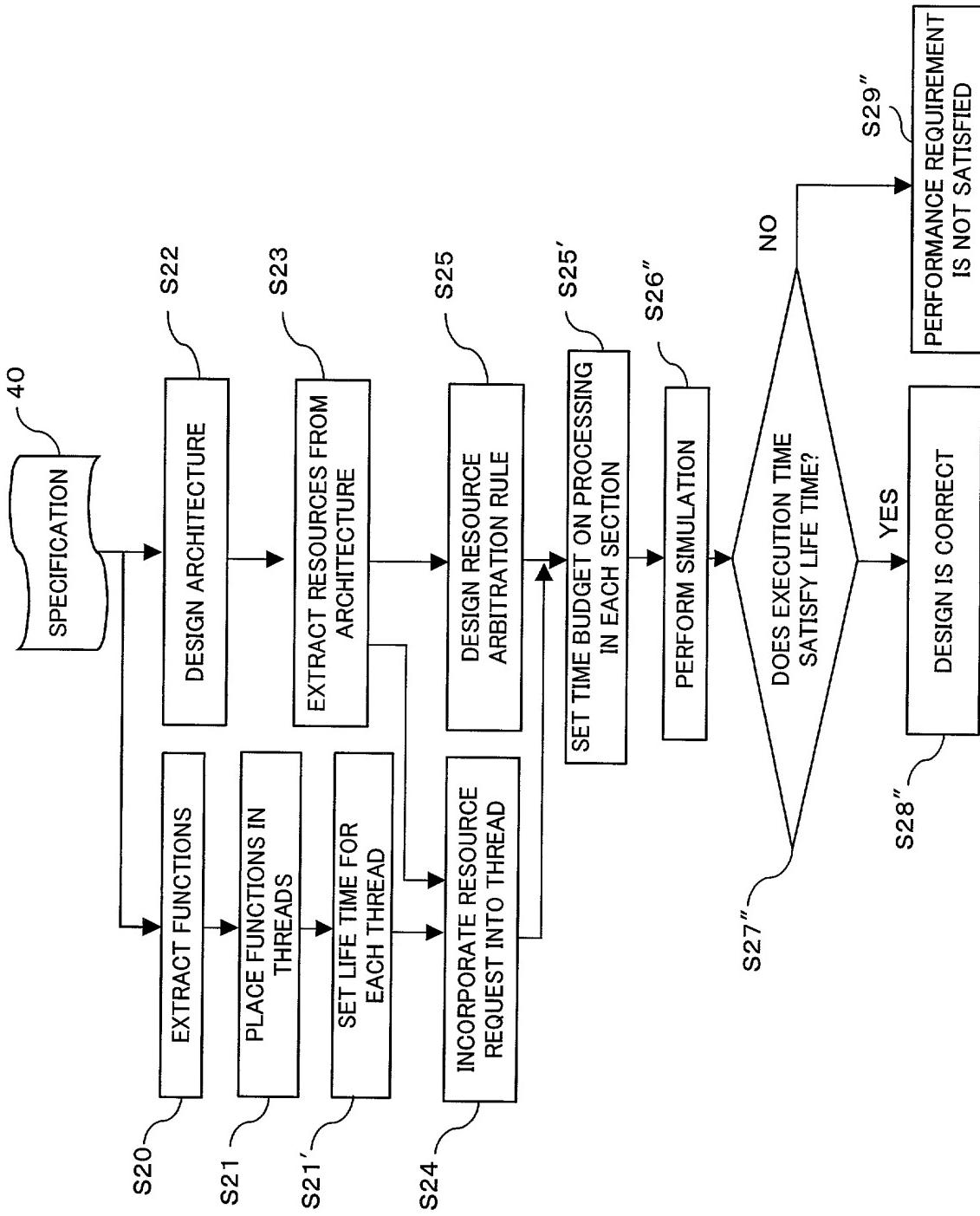
**FIG. 19**



## FIG. 20

```
class thread {
    ...
    void execution () {
        resource A. request (1);
        processing 1;
        delay (time budget for processing 1);
        resource A. release (1);
        resource B. request (1);
        processing 2;
        delay (time budget for processing 2);
        resource B. release (1);
        ...
    }
}
```

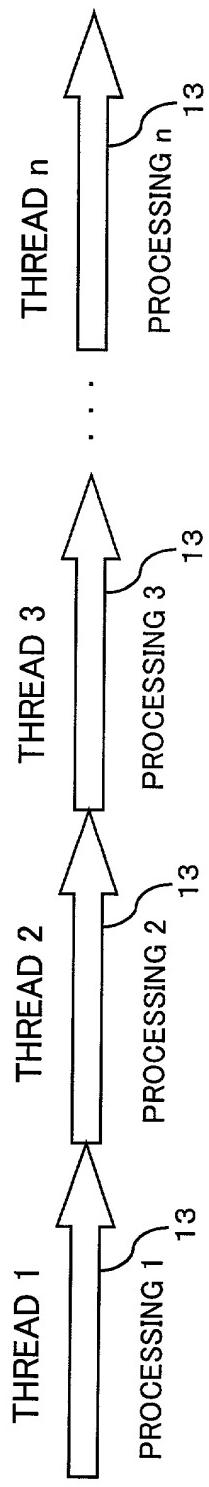
**FIG. 21**



## FIG. 22

```
class thread {
    long life time;
    long delay;
    void execution () {
        ...
    }
    bool JudgeLifeTime() {
        if (life time < delay)
            return false;
        else      return true;
    }
}
```

**FIG. 23**



## FIG. 24

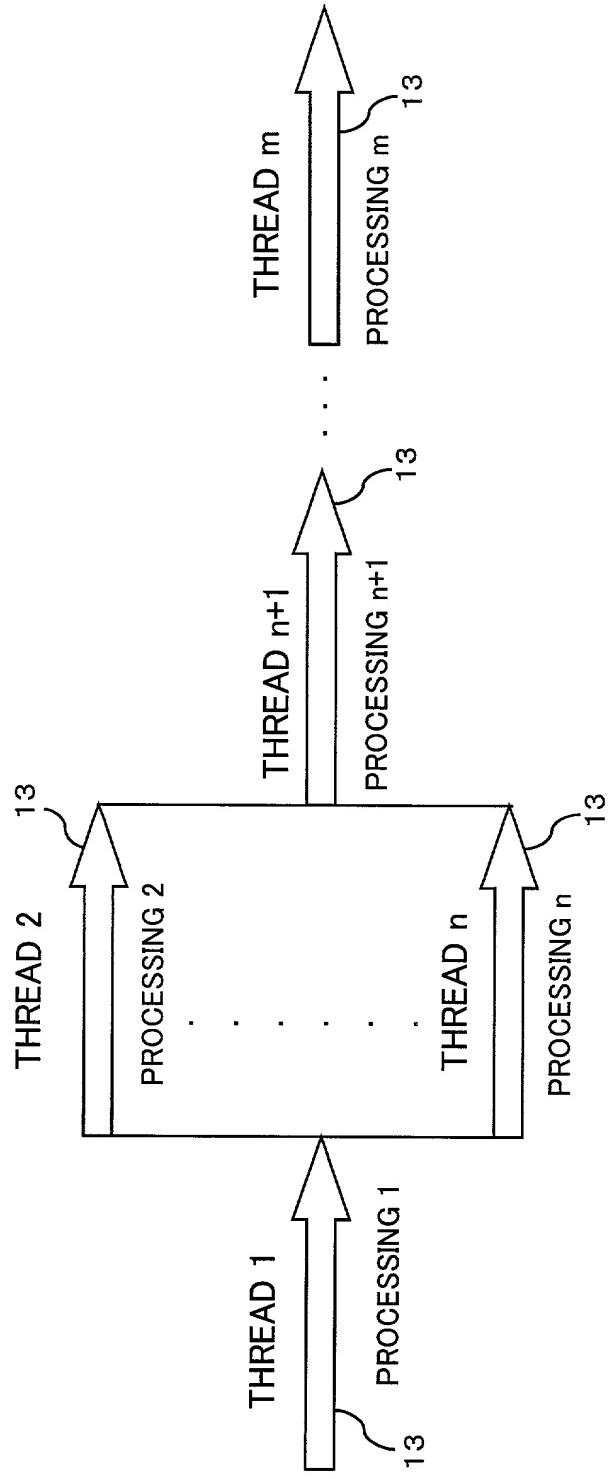
```
class thread {
...
void execution( ){
    thread 1. generate( );
    thread 1. wait for completion( );
    thread 2. generate( );
    thread 2. wait for completion( );
    thread 3. generate( );
    thread 3. wait for completion( );
}
}

class thread 1: public thread {
...
void execution( ){
    processing 1( );
}
...
}

class thread 2: public thread {
...
void execution( ){
    processing 2( );
}
...
}

thread 3: public thread {
...
void execution( ){
    processing 3( );
}
...
}
```

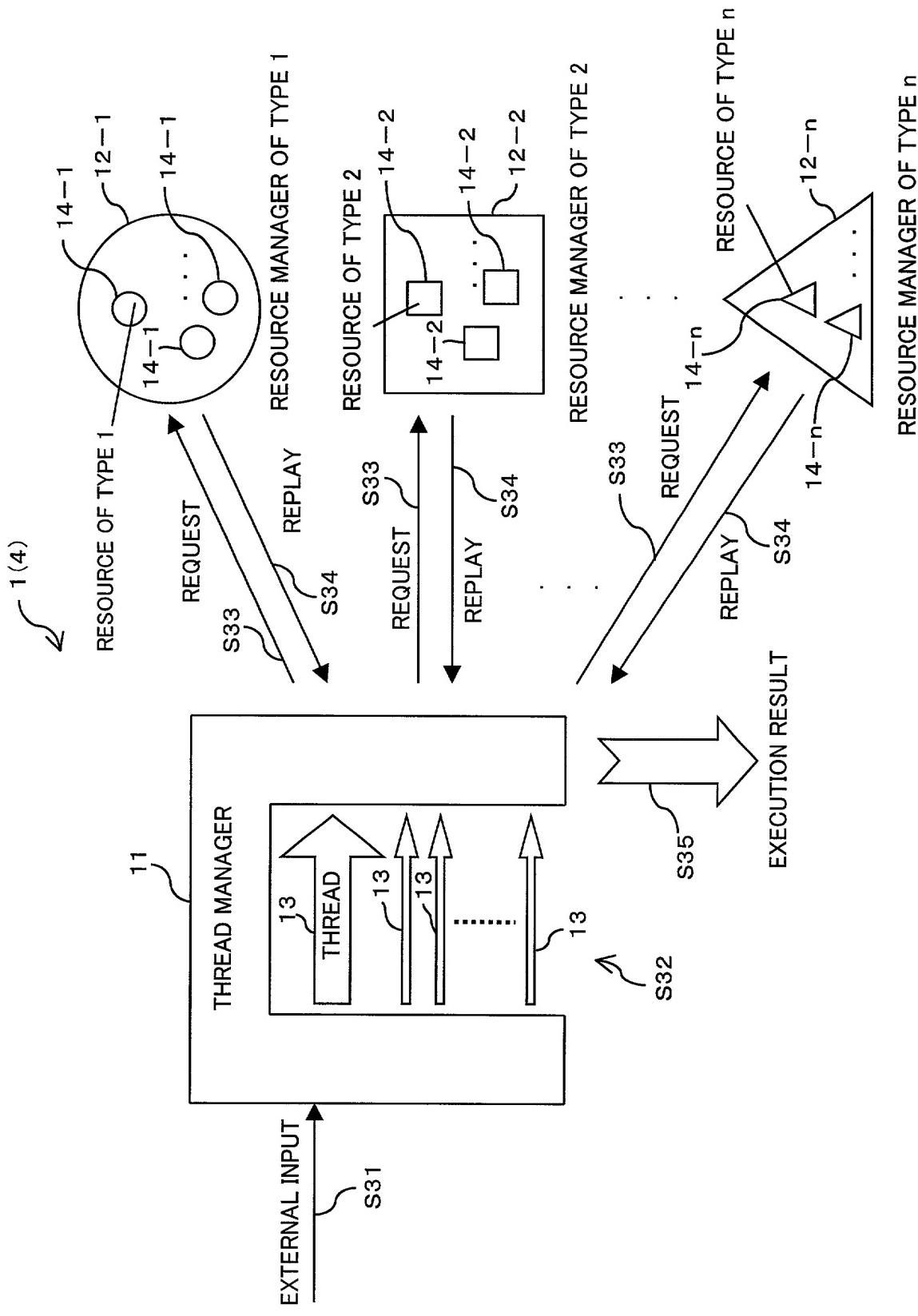
**FIG. 25**



## FIG. 26

```
class thread {  
    ...  
    void execution( ) {  
        thread A. generate( );  
        thread B. generate( );  
        thread A. wait for completion( );  
        thread B. wait for completion( );  
        thread C. generate( );  
        thread C. wait for completion( );  
    }  
}
```

**FIG. 27**



**FIG. 28**

```

class resource A : public resource manager {
    int number;
    queue resource request queue; ← 20
    queue resource reply queue; ← 22
public:
    resource A (int cnt) : number (cnt) []
    void request (int n) {
        request. thread ID = present thread ID;
        request. number of resources = n;
        add request to resource request queue
    }
    void release (int n) {
        number += n;
        if (number > cnt) number = cnt;
    }
}

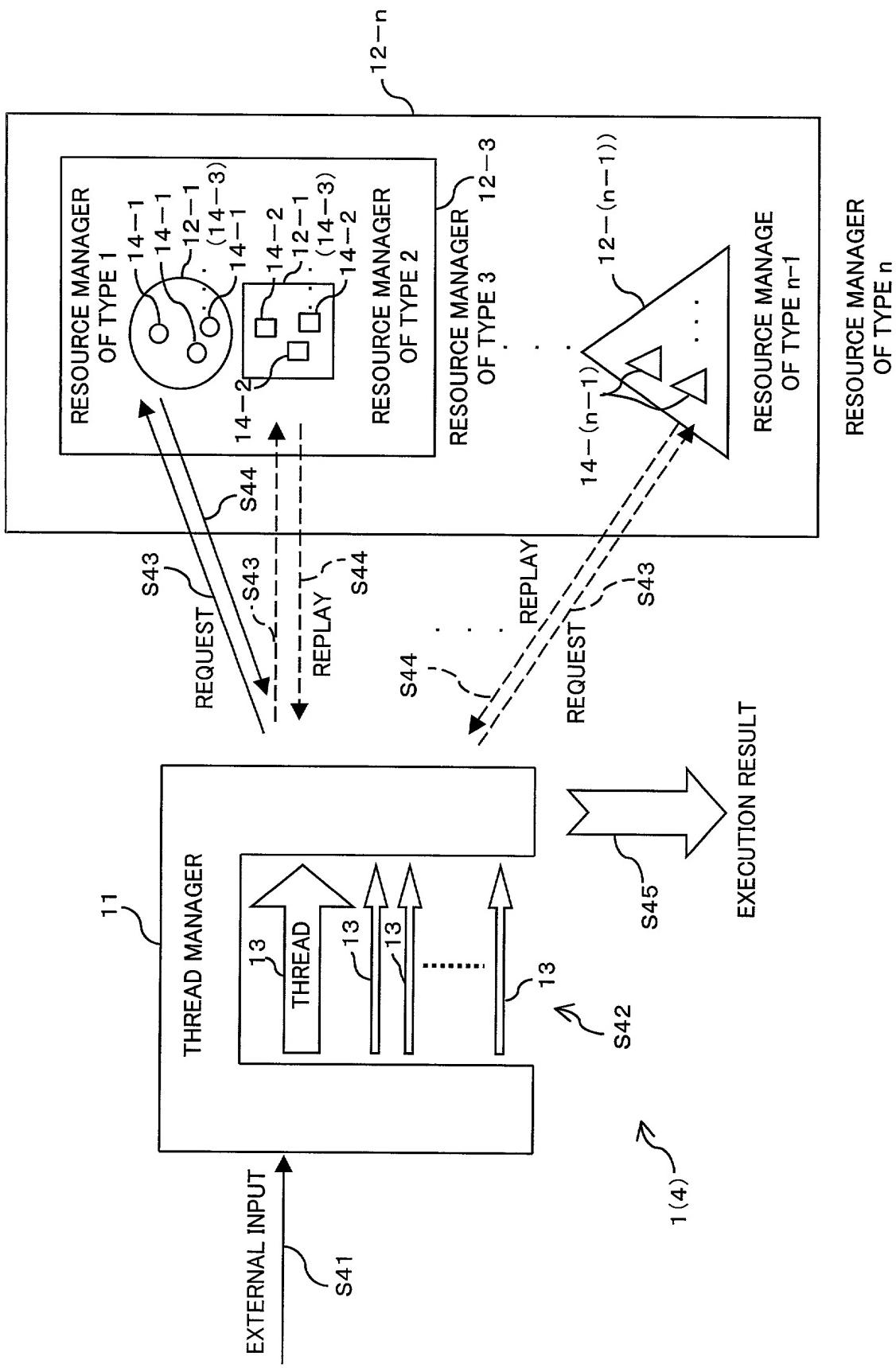
```

```

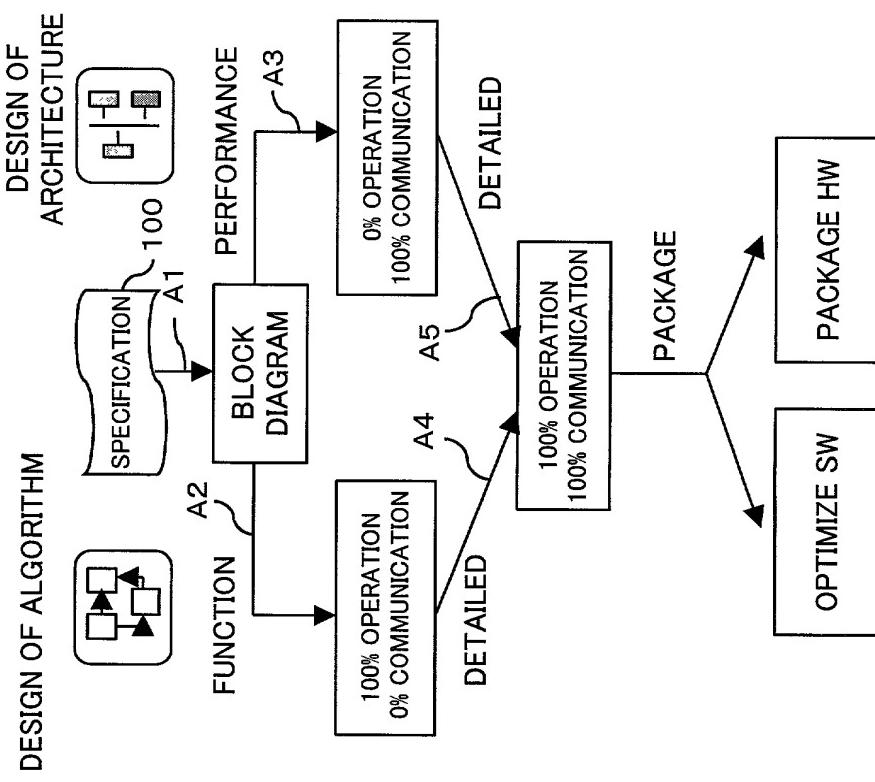
bool arbitration() {
    while (resource request queue is not void) {
        one request is fetched;
        if (number <= 0) {
            reply. thread ID = request. thread ID;
            reply. allocation result = false;
            add reply to resource reply queue
            continue;
        }
        result = arbitration according to arbitration rule
        for resource A
        reply. thread ID = request. thread ID
        reply. allocation result = result;
        add reply to resource reply queue
        number --;
    }
}

```

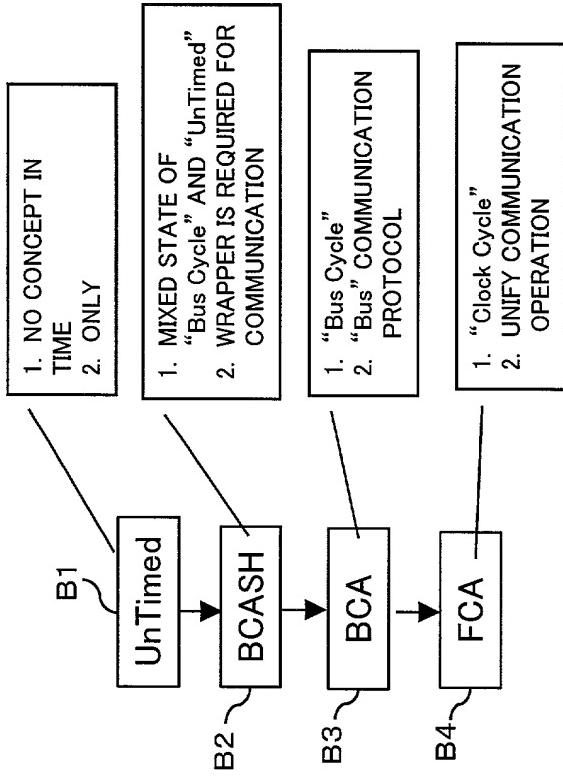
**FIG. 29**



**FIG. 30A**  
RELATED ART



**FIG. 30B**  
RELATED ART



**FIG. 31**  
RELATED ART

